

Diploma Examination for General Education

Semester Two – Mock Exam English Language 'Core' Bilad Bani Bu Ali School (9-12)

ELEMENT	Marks		Red Marker Name	Green Marker Name	Blue Checker Name
LISTENING	15				
VOCABULARY/ GRAMMAR	10				
READING	25				
WRITING 1	10				
WRITING 2	10				
TOTAL					

Final Total in Numbers	
Final Total in Words	
Signature	

LISTENING 1 (Items 1-7)

(7 marks)

You are going to hear a conversation between a husband and a wife. Listen, and shade in the bubble \bigcirc next to the correct option.

1.	Ali met Tom and Anne in	-			
	America	0	England	0	Oman
2.	Tom and Anne visit Oman for				
	Holiday trip	0	Conference trip	0	Business deal
3.	Ali can't meet Tom and Anne	beca	use he has		
	o a career mision	0	an eye operation	0	an appointment
4.	Tom has booked a hotel in Mu	ıscat	for		
	three days	0	one week	0	two months
5.	Ali decided tofor	Tom	and Ann.		
	arrange a tour of Muscat	0	Buy some Omani presents	0	Organise a self- drive car
6.	Tom can't drive because he ha	as			
	o no license	0	accident trauma	0	no interest
7.	Ali contacts Tom's family by_				
	→ SMS	0	Phone	0	E-mail

LISTENING 2 (Items 8-15)

(8 marks)

You are going to hear a talk about an inspiring women.

<u>Part One</u>: For each item, write a <u>short</u> answer (not more than FOUR WORDS).

8.	Who h	nad the idea of the Great	Wall	marathon?				
9. \	When	was the first Great Wall I						
10.	how r	many participants joined						
11. \ 	What i	is the weather usually lik						
		: For each item, shade ir					option.	
12.	Part	icipants are advised to w dark colored and heavy					not specified	
13.	Part	icipants' training should	begin		before t	the e	vent.	
	0	two weeks	0	nine months		0	a month	
14.	Part	icipants must get a fitnes	ss cer	tificate from		_ bef	ore registering].
	0	A doctor	0	a health worker		0	the organiser	rs
15.	The	Marathon must be comp	leted	within	hours			
	0	ten	0	six		0	ten	
							L	
				()	15

VOCA	BULARY (Items	16–20	0)				(2½ marks)
For ea	ch item, shade in ti	he bu	bble 🔿 next to t	he co	rrect option.		
16.	The of	the a	rticle grabbed my	y atte	ntion immediately	/ .	
	headline	0	deadline	0	career	0	Obsession
17.	She has so week.	chedu	le that allows her	to w	ork at different tir	mes d	luring the
	literate	0	creative	0	flexible	0	stressful
18.	The company plans			/ices	to more countries	next	year in order
	protect	0	reduce	0	shift	0	expand
19.	The strong winds of throughout the tov		d severe	to the	e rooftops and po	wer li	nes
	o damage	0	progress	0	rescue	0	Warning
20.	The new health can	mpaig	ın aims to	_ mal	aria from the cou	ntry \	within the
	hesitate	0	eradicate	0	tolerate	0	celebrate

GRAMMAR (Items 21-25)

 $(2\frac{1}{2} \text{ marks})$

For each item, shade in the bubble \infty under the correct option.

Speaker A: You seem more active these days!

Yes, I'm working on my health. The doctor said I

Speaker B: (21) must / o should eat less junk food.

Speaker A: That's smart. I also decide (22) to make / making healthy snacks

Speaker B: And I⁽²³⁾ • walk / • walking every evening now..

Speaker A: Do you feel any different?

Speaker B: Definitely. $I^{(24)} \bigcirc feel/ \bigcirc feels$ more energetic.

Speaker A: That's great! Are you drinking more water too?

Speaker B: Certainly. Before, (25) I **never/Odidn't** use to drink more water. But

now I drink more than eight glasses a day.

GRAMMAR/VOCABULARY (Items 26-30)

(5 marks)

For each item, shade in the bubble \bigcirc next to the correct option.

m m sc (22 w te	Many parents today are worried about the amount of time their children spend on mobile phones. Experts say that children who use mobile devices for long hours are more ⁽²⁶⁾ to develop health and attention problems. In addition, they may not always ⁽²⁷⁾ to rules about screen time set by their parents or schools. This can create problems not only at home but also in the school and wider ⁽²⁸⁾ To help solve this issue, parents should teach children the correct way to use technology and encourage more outdoor and group activities. Some teachers believe students ⁽²⁹⁾ avoid mobile phones during class to stay focused. Also, schools are working on programs made ⁽³⁰⁾ students' age and needs, so they can balance learning and device use.								
26.	0	need	0	prone	0	able	0	ready	
27.	0	follow	0	respect	0	adhere	0	ignore	
28.	0	class	0	community	0	group	0	team	
29.	0	have	0	can	0	should	0	might	
30.	0	for	0	of	0	in	0	at	
				(_)	

READING 1 (Items 31-37)

(7 marks)

Read the texts. Are the statements which follow each text **True** or **False**? For each item, shade in the bubble \ightharpoonup under the correct option.

31. I was walking along the beach in Thailand when the tsunami hit. I saw people running and screaming, and I rushed to higher ground. The waves destroyed everything in their path, and many tourists were missing for days.

Statement False True

The writer managed to escape the tsunami by climbing to a higher area.

32. Ahmed spent six months volunteering in a refugee camp in Jordan. He taught English and math to children who had fled from Syria. He described the experience as emotional and rewarding, although the living conditions were very basic.

Statement True **False**

Ahmed volunteered in Syria for six months

33. A small team of doctors flew to a remote village in Nepal to provide free medical checkups. They had to walk two hours from the nearest road to reach the village. Villagers were extremely grateful, as many had never seen a doctor before.

Statement True **False**

The village was difficult to access by vehicle

34. Laila took part in an environmental project in Indonesia. Her team planted over 2,000 trees in just one week. They also organized workshops for local schools to raise awareness about deforestation.

Statement True **False**

Laila's team planted fewer than a thousand trees

READING 1 (continued)

35.

In 2019, a group of students in Oman raised money to build a library in a rural school. They collected donations and worked with local builders. Today, the library has hundreds of books and internet access.

Statement

True False

The library was built entirely with government support.

36.

Amer was chosen to attend a youth summit in Geneva where he gave a speech on climate change. He spoke in front of students from 30 different countries. After his speech, he was interviewed by a major news channel.

Statement

True False

Amer attended the summit and spoke about local issues.

37.

During summer vacation, Omar and his friends cleaned the beaches of their hometown in Tunisia. They collected plastic waste and talked to visitors about keeping the environment clean. They continued the campaign for three weekends.

Statement

True | False

Omar's group ran the beach cleanup campaign for several weekends.

0	0

READING 2 (Items 38-45)

(8 marks)

Read the text. Then for each item, shade in the bubble onext to the correct option.

In today's fast and ever-changing job market, employers are constantly looking for the best candidates to fill key positions. One of the ongoing debates in hiring decisions is whether to prioritize academic qualifications or hands-on experience. Both have their strengths, but many employers seem to support experience over educational achievements.

In the competitive job market, many employers prefer hiring experienced employees over those who simply hold academic qualifications. This preference is often driven by the immediate value that experienced individuals bring to the workplace. Unlike newly qualified graduates, experienced candidates are usually ready to take on responsibilities with little supervision or extra training. They have already developed the essential skills and practical knowledge needed for the role, saving the employer both time and resources.

Moreover, experience often means the employee has learned how to handle workplace pressure, solve real-life problems, and communicate effectively with colleagues and clients. These soft skills are rarely taught in universities but are highly valued by employers. In contrast, qualifications represent a person's theoretical understanding and ability to pass exams, which may not always translate into strong performance in the real world.

That said, qualifications still play a vital role in many professions. Fields such as medicine, law, and engineering demand strong academic backgrounds to ensure safety, accuracy, and compliance with regulations. In such cases, qualifications are not just desirable—they are essential. However, even in these fields, experience is often the deciding factor when selecting candidates for higher-level or more sensitive positions.

Additionally, from a business perspective, hiring someone with experience can reduce long-term costs. While a qualified candidate might require months of training, an experienced employee can deliver results from day one. This practical efficiency is what many companies seek, especially in fast industries where time is a critical factor.

In conclusion, although qualifications are important and reflect a person's academic effort and dedication, experience provides the tools and confidence to perform effectively in a real work environment. Therefore, in many cases, it is understandable why employers lean towards experience when making hiring decisions.

38.		ployers often choose exp supervision.	oerier	nced workers because they nee	ed less	·
	0	stress	0	training	0	equipment
39.		ability towrience.	orkpl	ace pressure is something tha	t come	es from real-life
	0	handle	0	avoid	0	practice
40.	Exp	perienced employees are	usua	illy able to problems effe	ctively	and quickly.
	0	ignore	0	solve	0	create
41.	Emp	loyees with experience a	re be	etter at managing with co	lleagu	es and clients.
	0	competition	0	communication	0	orders
42.	Qua	alified candidates may ha	ave s	trong theory but lack practical		·
	0	tests	0	examples	0	experience
43.		ome careers, such as me ssary.	dicine	e or law, academic	_ are	absolutely
	0	ideas	0	qualifications	0	jobs
44.	Expo	erience helps		-to start contributing to the co	mpany	r from the first
	0	employees	0	employers	0	manager
45.	The a	author believes that		is often more valuable in	most j	obs.
	0	appearance	0	qualifications	0	experience

READING 3 (Items 46–55)

(10 marks)

Read the text. Then complete the task.

A Spark in the Darkness

Thomas Edison had always been a curious child. He was Born in 1847 in Ohio. He asked endless questions and often took apart gadgets just to see how they worked. With only a few months of formal schooling, most of his knowledge came from reading and experimenting on his own. Even as a young man, Edison believed that success didn't require genius—just hard work and determination. That mindset would shape the rest of his life because he understood that persistence was the key to innovation.

By the time Edison moved to Menlo Park, New Jersey, he had already invented the phonograph, a machine that could record sound. But his dream was even bigger because he wanted to create something that could change everyday life—an electric light bulb that was safe, affordable, and long-lasting. At the time, people still used candles and gas lamps, which were dim and dangerous.

It was a chilly evening in 1879. The air in Edison's small workshop smelled of hot metal and oil. Tools and wires lay scattered across the wooden tables. Inside, Edison stared at the glowing filament inside a glass bulb. Fortunately , he had finally done it because the filament now glowed steadily for hours. For the first time, a steady electric light shone brightly in the darkness.

The journey hadn't been easy. Edison and his team had tested more than 6,000 different materials for the filament—the thin wire that glows when electricity passes through it. Bamboo, cardboard, even cotton thread, none had lasted long enough. Many people would have given up, but not Edison. "I haven't failed," he famously said. "I've just found 10,000 ways that won't work." He kept trying because he was determined to succeed.

One night in October, he used carbonised cotton thread inside a closed glass bulb. This time, the light stayed on for more than 13 hours. It was the breakthrough he had been chasing because it proved that the electric light bulb could last long enough for everyday use. Within a year, homes and streets began to light up across the country.

Edison went on to invent over a thousand devices, including improvements to the telephone, motion picture cameras, and electric generators. Still, the the invention of the electric light bulb is one of his greatest inventions because it changed how people lived and worked.

As he stood in his lab, watching the light glow, Edison didn't pause to celebrate. He simply picked up his notebook and started writing down his next idea. For him, invention wasn't about fame. It was about lighting up the world—one idea at a time.

Tasi	<u>k One</u> :	For each item, wri	te a <u>short</u> ans	swer (not more tha	n FOUR WO	R DS).
46.	Where	e was Edison born	?			
47 .	What	is a phonograph?				
48.	How v	vere the candles a	nd gas lamps	s before Edison inve	ented the ligl	nt bulb?
49.	How c	old was Thomas Ed	ison when h	e invented the the	 first electric l	ight?
50.	How	many failed attem	pts did Ediso	n make before inve	enting the ele	ectric light bulb?
51.	Why	is Edison's inventio	on considere	d one of the greate	st inventions	?
<u>Tas</u>	k <u>Two</u>	: For each item, s	shade in the	bubble 🔾 next to	the correct	option.
52.	Most	of Edison's knowl	edge came f	rom		
	0	Self study	0	school	0	Higher education
53.	The	thin wire that glow	s when elec	tricity passes throu	gh it is called	I
	0	cardboard	0	filament	0	thread
54.	The	material that finall	y worked as	the filament in Edi	son's light bu	ılb was
	0	Bamboo stick	0	Copper wire	0	Carbonized cotton
55.	After	his invention had	succeeded,	Edison		
	0	celebrated his achievement	0	took a long break	0	thought about another idea
				(25

WRITING 1	(10 marks)
Write at least 80 words on the following topic:	
"How to be an active member in your comm	nunity"
Your writing should be well organized and clear .	

WRITING 1	(continued)				
Marker A	Marker B	Average		ĺ	
			()	10

WRITING 2 (10 marks)

Complete the following task. Write at least 100 words.

<u>Situation:</u> Imagine you are Nasser/Nasra Al Ajmi. You are looking for a job for one year. During that period, you have joined many courses.

<u>Task:</u> Write an email / letter to the manager of Al-watan journalism, asking him to apply for a job as a reporter. It is better to:

- include all the requirements that the reporter needs.
- express what makes you a good candidate for the position.
- Mention attaching your CV and two of referees.

Your writing should be clear and interesting.					

RITING 2	(continued)	<u>l</u>				
	- 1		 1			
Marker A	Marker B	Average)	
			,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10

Marking Guide

ENGLISH LANGUAGE 'CORE'

Bilad Bani Bu Ali School(9_12)

TOTAL MARKS: 70

SEMESTER ONE, 2024/2025

(Mock Exam)

page 1 of 6

				LISTENING 1 (7 mks)		
	0	America		England	0	Oman
2.	0	Holiday trip		Conference trip	0	Business deal
3.		a career mission	0	an eye operation	0	an appointment
4.		three days	0	one week	0	two months
5.	0	arrange a tour of Muscat		Buy some Omani presents	0	Organise a self- drive car
6.	0	no license		accident trauma	0	no interest
7.	0	SMS	0	Phone		Email
Vote	s: On	e mark each. Respons	es mu	st be indicated <u>clearly</u> .		

be indicated <u>clearly</u>

		LISTENING 2 (8 mks)							
8.	Soren Rassmusssen / a germ	an man							
9.	1000								
10.	2500 runners								
11.	Hot and humid								
12.	dark colored and heavy	light colored and dry	onot specific						
13.	a health worker	the organisers	a doctor						
14.	o six	o eight	● ten						
15.	O two weeks	nine months	o a month						
	: One mark each. <u>11</u> : (i) Complete accuracy in gramn	nar & spelling is not required, but	answers must be <u>clearly</u>						

and <u>convincingly</u> correct. (ii) In general, apply the '<u>not more than four words</u>'. HOWEVER, use common sense for any slightly longer, but <u>obviously correct</u> answers. <u>Qs 12-15</u>: Responses must

VCB (2.5 mks) **GRM (2.5 mks)** 16. headline 21. should 22. to make 17. flexible 23. walk 18. expand 24. feel 19. damage 25. didn't 20. eradicate Notes: Half-a-mark each. Spelling must be correct. Notes: Half-a-mark each. Spelling must be correct, including grammatical endings.

GRM/ VCB (5 mks)

26.	0	need		prone	0	able	0	ready
27.	0	follow	0	respect		adhere	0	ignore
28.	0	class		community	0	group	0	team
		have	0	can		should	0	might
30.	•	for	0	of	0	in	0	at

READING 1 7 mks)				R	EADING 2 (7 r	nks)			
	True	False	38	0	stress		training	0	equipment
31.	•	0	39		handle	0	avoid	0	practice
32.	0		40	0	ignore	•	solve	0	create
	_		41	0	competition	•	communication	0	orders
33.	•	0	42	0	tests	0	examples	•	experience
34. 35.	0	•	43	0	ideas	•	qualifications	0	jobs
36.	0	•	44	•	employees	0	employers	0	manager
must	Re. be ii	mark sponses ndicated	45	0	appearance	0	qualifications	•	experience
<u>clearl</u>	<u>y</u> .		_						

RE	ADING 3 (8 mks)					
	46. Ohio					
	47. a machine for rec	ording	sound.			
	48. dim and dangerou					
	_	15				
	49. 32 years					
	50. 10000	ad na	anlala lifa			
	51. Because it chang	eu pe	opie's life.			
52.	self study	0	school	0	higher education	
53.	o cardboard	•	filament	0	thread	
54.	O bamboo stick	0	copper wire	•	carbonised cotton	
55.	celebrated his achievement	0	took a long break	•	thought about another idea	
	<u>ites</u> : One mark each.	viroov	in grammar 9 an	ollina	is not required but anaware must be also	orly
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	•	-	is not required, but answers must be <u>cle</u> nore than four words'. HOWEVER, use	<u>ariy</u>
	mmon sense for any slig	-		sly coi	<u>rrect</u> answers.	
<u>Q</u> .	s 17-20: Responses mus	st be in	dicated <u>clearly</u> .			

WRITING (GENERAL NOTES)

- The **wording of the descriptors** in the relevant Rating Scale should form the basis of all decisions (and discussions) on the marks to be awarded.
- There may be different individual ways of approaching a task or interpreting a picture (or set of pictures), but a basic requirement for all answers is that they are **relevant**.
- If answers are **clearly not relevant** and the student has clearly not attempted the task that was set, **no marks** should be awarded.
- However, if a student has genuinely attempted the task, but their answer is only partly relevant, then a reduced mark (not zero) should be awarded.
- If markers are in any doubt, they should consult with other markers and with the Table Head

	WRITING 1 (10 mks)
10	 Message to the intended reader(s) is <u>very clear</u>. Writing clearly succeeds in achieving its intended purpose. Writing are very well-organised, clear and coherent A varied range of grammar and vocabulary, with a very good level of accuracy.
8	 -Message to the intended reader(s) is fairly clear. - Writing has reasonable success in achieving its intended purpose. - Writing is generally well-organised, and mostly clear and coherent - A fair range of grammar and vocabulary, with a good level of accuracy.
6	 -Message to the intended reader(s) is partially clear. - Writing has only partially achieved its intended purpose. - Writing is not well-organised, but is still reasonably clear and coherent - A limited range of grammar and vocabulary, with a reasonable level of accuracy.

4	 -Message to the intended reader(s) is mostly unclear. - Writing has only very limited success in achieving its intended purpose. - Writing is poorly-organised, and often unclear. - A very limited range of grammar and vocabulary, and frequent errors.
2	Message to the intended reader(s) is unclear. – Writing clearly fails to achieve its intended purpose. – Writing is incoherent and confusing. – Extremely limited range of grammar and vocabulary, and frequent serious errors.
0	No attempt at the task: EITHER Irrelevant (Completely unrelated to the task/ instructions) OR Just copied from the Q-paper OR Hardly any writing at all, or not written in English OR Complete nonsense

<u>Note 1</u>: The task is to write a **letter/** an **e-mail**, so students <u>must</u> include a greeting at the start <u>and</u> a closing at the end. If they do not, they will lose marks. <u>PROCEDURE</u>: Each marker marks the <u>content</u> of the e-mail according to the Rating Scale — then, if either the greeting or the closing are <u>missing</u>, **deduct two marks** from the content-score.

<u>Note 2</u>: No marks should be awarded or deducted for the address. Any addresses should be ignored.

	WRITING 2 (10 mks)
10	 Message to the intended reader(s) is <u>very clear</u>. Writing clearly succeeds in achieving its intended purpose. Writing are very well-organised, clear and coherent A varied range of grammar and vocabulary, with a very good level of accuracy.
8	 -Message to the intended reader(s) is fairly clear. - Writing has reasonable success in achieving its intended purpose. - Writing is generally well-organised, and mostly clear and coherent - A fair range of grammar and vocabulary, with a good level of accuracy.
6	 -Message to the intended reader(s) is partially clear. - Writing has only partially achieved its intended purpose. - Writing is not well-organised, but is still reasonably clear and coherent - A limited range of grammar and vocabulary, with a reasonable level of accuracy.

4	 -Message to the intended reader(s) is mostly unclear. - Writing has only very limited success in achieving its intended purpose. - Writing is poorly-organised, and often unclear. - A very limited range of grammar and vocabulary, and frequent errors.
0	Message to the intended reader(s) is unclear. - Writing clearly fails to achieve its intended purpose. - Writing is incoherent and confusing. - Extremely limited range of grammar and vocabulary, and frequent serious errors. No attempt at the task: EITHER Irrelevant (Completely unrelated to the task/ instructions)
	OR Just copied from the Q-paper OR Hardly any writing at all, or not written in English OR Complete nonsense

Note 1: The task is to write a **letter**/ an **e-mail**, so students <u>must</u> include a greeting at the start <u>and</u> a closing at the end. If they do not, they will lose marks. <u>PROCEDURE</u>: Each marker marks the <u>content</u> of the e-mail according to the Rating Scale — then, if either the greeting or the closing are <u>missing</u>, **deduct two marks** from the content-score.

<u>Note 2</u>: No marks should be awarded or deducted for the address. Any addresses should be ignored.